

**2021**

**PHYSIOLOGY — HONOURS**

**Paper : CC-2**

**Full Marks : 50**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words  
as far as practicable.*

**Group – A**

1. Answer **any five** questions : 2×5
- (a) What is viscosity? Mention its physiological significance.
  - (b) What is Lambert's law?
  - (c) What do you mean by anomerism? Give example.
  - (d) What do you understand by the term endergonic reaction?
  - (e) Write two properties of colloid.
  - (f) Write the structure and chemical name of arginine.
  - (g) What is Reichert-Meissl number? Mention its significance.
  - (h) What is mutarotation? Cite an example.
  - (i) What are phi( $\phi$ ) and psi( $\psi$ ) angles?
  - (j) What is  $\beta$ -pleated sheet structure of protein?

**Group – B**

2. Answer **any two** questions :
- (a) What is entropy? Explain your idea about 'physiological steady state'. 2+3
  - (b) What is optical isomerism? How does glucose react with phenylhydrazine? 2+3
  - (c) What is Zwitterion? How do amino acids react with ninhydrin? 2+3
  - (d) What are sphingolipids? Write down the physiological importance of LDL/HDL triglycerides and cholesterol. Give an example of an unsaturated fatty acid. 2+2+1

**Please Turn Over**

**Group – C**

3. Answer *any three* questions :

- (a) Define buffer and pH. State the physiological importance of Henderson-Hasselbach equation. Discuss the physiological applications of osmosis. (1+1)+4+4
- (b) Discuss the principles of construction, uses, advantages and disadvantages of compound light microscope. State two uses of confocal microscope. (2+2+2+2)+2
- (c) What information can you obtain from titration curve of glycine? State the properties of peptide bond. Compare Sanger's reaction with Edman's reaction. 3+3+4
- (d) How does lactose structurally and biochemically differ from sucrose? State the characteristics of cellulose. What are sialic acids and reducing sugars? 3+3+(2+2)
- (e) What do you mean by cis-trans isomerism? What are essential fatty acids? Explain the term 'eicosanoids'. 3+3+4
- (f) What is tautomerism? How are purine and pyrimidine nucleosides formed? Write the special features of secondary structure of B-DNA. 2+(2+2)+4
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