2021

PHYSIOLOGY — HONOURS

Paper: DSE-B-4

(Toxicology and Pharmacology)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

1. Answer any five questions:

 2×5

5×2

- (a) What is the difference between NOEL and LOEL?
- (b) What do you mean by 'therapeutic index'?
- (c) What is drug toxicity?
- (d) What is half life of a drug?
- (e) What is the difference between drug and toxin?
- (f) What is pro-drug? Give one example.
- (g) What is meant by pharmacokinetics?
- (h) What is drug accumulation?

Group - B

- 2. Write short notes on any two from the following:
 - (a) Dose-response curve
 - (b) First pass effect and drug bio-availability
 - (c) General mechanism of action of neuromuscular blocking agents
 - (d) Comparative account of sedatives and hypnotics.

Group - C

Answer any three questions from the following.

- **3.** (a) What is ED_{50} of drug?
 - (b) What do you understand by desensitization of drug receptors?

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(2)

- (c) Distinguish between an agonist and antagonist.
- (d) What is meant by drug clearance?

2+2+3+3

- **4.** What are anaesthetics? What are the different stages of anaesthesia? State the mechanism of action of general anaesthetics. 2+4+4
- 5. What are diuretics? Classify diuretics with example and state the site of action for each type.

2+(4+4)

- **6.** (a) What do you mean by antianginal drug?
 - (b) How do calcium channel blockers act in angina?
 - (c) Describe the mechanism of action of an adrenoceptor agonist and an antagonist. $2+3+(2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2})$
- 7. (a) Write a brief note on the importance of Pharmacology in the study of Physiological processes.
 - (b) What are orphan drugs?

(c) State the uses of Clonidine and Nitroglycerine.

4+2+(2+2)